Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

Invista S.à r.l.

Site Name: Victoria Site Area Name: HMD/BIO/OLA Physical Location: 2695 Old Bloomington Rd N Nearest City: Victoria County: Victoria

> Permit Number: O1902 Project Type: Significant Revision

Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code: 2869 SIC Name: Industrial Organic Chemicals

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft changes to the permit conditions resulting from the significant revision project in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). The applicant has submitted an application for a significant permit revision per §§ 122.219-211. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A description of the revision project;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: January 28, 2016

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Description of Revisions

This significant revision incorporates by reference amendments to NSR permit 23271/PSDTX. The NSR amendment is for modifications and upgrades to various units to increase the capacity and reliability of the existing plant, which also qualifies as a significant revision to the Federal Operating Permit (FOP).

Permit Area Process Description

Hexamethylenediamine (HMD) Production consists of various units:

Hydrogen Unit

Hydrogen is produced by the steam reforming of methane. Steam and natural gas are mixed and passed through catalyst at a high temperature to make a mixture of hydrogen, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Natural gas burners provide the heat to the reactor ("reformer"). Process natural gas is first processed in desulfurizer beds to remove sulfur. These carbon beds are regenerated with steam which is routed to the Diamine Flare. Carbon monoxide is converted to carbon dioxide, separated from the process stream by absorption, and vented to the atmosphere.

HMD Synthesis

Adiponitrile (ADN) is hydrogenated in liquid ammonia in the presence of catalyst to form crude hexamethylenediamine (HMD). Hydrogen is received from either the Hydrogen unit or the HCN unit in the ADN area on site. ADN is received from either the on-site ADN plant or by barge from off-site. Offgas from the synthesis area is routed to either the East Powerhouse boilers or to the Diamine Flare.

HMD Refining

The crude HMD is purified in the HMD Refining area by distillation into refined HMD and co-products. Feed materials, products, co-products and intermediates are received, stored, transferred and shipped from the area tank farms. Offgas from the refining area is routed to the Diamine Flare

Specialty Products Refining

Co-products from the HMD and ADN processes are refined by distillation and shipped off-site by rail car or tank trailer. The Diamine Flare (04FLRO32) is used to burn offgas from the HMD and hydrogen units, as well as control closed vent systems from waste tanks in the East Powerhouse and 311 areas.

Biotreatment facility (BIO)

The biotreatment facility manages aqueous waste from the site, including wastewater from non-INVISTA polyethylene units which also are located at the Victoria Site. The facility is an enhanced biotreatment system which uses both aerobic and anaerobic reactors. Wastewater is conveyed to the Biotreatment facility in above-ground closed piping systems and treated wastewater is ultimately discharged through a NPDES-permitted outfall into the Guadalupe River. One equalization tank is routed to the Nitric Acid Fume Vent Header System for abatement of possible NOx emissions in the Acids Powerhouse area. All other reactors and vessels vent to the atmosphere.

Outlying Area (OLA)

Also included in this permit is the site's Outlying Area, which includes a permitted Hazardous Waste Landfill. Landfill cells 4 and 5 are equipped with a vapor recovery system consisting of a closed vent system and carbon canisters. Spent carbon is disposed of off-site in an incinerator.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: O1415, O1867, O1904

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, SO ₂ , PM, NOX, HAPS, CO, GHG
1114jor 1 onatants	, 500, 502, 1 M, 110M, 1 M S, 60, 6116

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - o Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - o Compliance Requirements
 - o Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - o Permit Location
 - o Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - o Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o Permit Shield
 - New Source Review Authorization References
 - o Compliance Plan
 - o Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - o Acronym list
- Appendix B
 - o Copies of major NSR authorizations

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception-Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) and constructed either before or after January 31, 1972 which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due

to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CAIR (Clean Air Interstate Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
13ENG007	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	60JJJJ-7	Construction/Reconstruction/Modification Date = The stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engine (ICE) commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after June 12, 2006.	
			Manufactured Date = Date of manufacture is prior to January 1, 2009.	
			Test Cell = The SI ICE is not being tested at an engine test cell/stand.	
			National Security = The SI ICE is not eligible for exemption due to national security.	
			Temp Replacement = The SI ICE is not acting as a temporary replacement.	
			Horsepower = Maximum engine power greater than 100 HP and less than 130 HP.	
			Fuel = SI ICE that is a rich-burn engine that uses liquefied petroleum gas (LPG).	
			Commencing = SI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
13ENG007	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-7	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
13ENGooC	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-8	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
13ENGooGA	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-8	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
		Brake HP = Stationary RIC	Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	Soldion sets available.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
13ENGooH	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-1	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005.	Standard [G]§60.4211(f) was replaced with §60.4211(f),
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	§60.4211(f)(1), §60.4211(f)(2),
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	§60.4211(f)(2)(i), and
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	§60.4211(f)(3)
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	
13ENGooH	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-9	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
13ENGooJ	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-1	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
13ENG00J	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-9	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(2)(ii)$ -(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(4)(ii)$.	
13ENGooK	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-2	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	Solution sets available.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(2)(ii)$ -(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(4)(ii)$.	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG01	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-2	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	Solution solo avanapio
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG02	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	60IIII-2	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after July 11, 2005.	Standard [G]§60.4211(f) was replaced with §60.4211(f),
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	§60.4211(f)(1), §60.4211(f)(2),
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	§60.4211(f)(2)(i), and
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	§60.4211(f)(3)
			Displacement = Displacement is greater than or equal to 25 and less than 30 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture is after 07/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2010.	
			Options = The CI ICE rated speed is less than 2650 RPMs.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP13ENG02	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-3	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Standard [G]§63.6640(f)(1) was replaced with
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP.	§63.6640(f), §63.6640(f)(1), §63.6640(f)(2),
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction after December 19, 2002. GOP only.	\$63.6640(f)(2)(i), and \$63.6640(f)(3).
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
GRP13ENG03	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-4	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	solution sets uvaliable.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
GRP13ENG04	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	art JJJJ (ICE) commenced construct Manufactured Date = Date of	Construction/Reconstruction/Modification Date = The stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engine (ICE) commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after June 12, 2006.	
			Manufactured Date = Date of manufacture is on or after January 1, 2009.	
			Test Cell = The SI ICE is not being tested at an engine test cell/stand.	
			Certified = Purchased a non-certified SI ICE.	
			National Security = The SI ICE is not eligible for exemption due to national security.	
			Temp Replacement = The SI ICE is not acting as a temporary replacement.	
			Horsepower = Maximum engine power greater than 25 HP and less than or equal to 100 HP.	
			Fuel = SI ICE that uses natural gas.	
			Service = SI ICE is an emergency engine.	
			Commencing = SI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
GRP13ENG04	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-5	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually added since there are no solution sets available.
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP less than 100 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii)-(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = 4 stroke spark ignited rich burn engine	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP13ENG05	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-6	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	Applicable requirement citations were manually
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	added since there are no solution sets available.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	Solution sets available.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate or is not contractually obligated to be available for more than 15 hours per calendar year as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(2)(ii)$ -(iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR $63.6640(f)(4)(ii)$.	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
04TFX023B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-0005	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Other control device	
04TFX023B	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-0004	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb	Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia		
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
04TFX026	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	Storage of compliance with	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
		True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons		
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	
04TFX026	40 CFR Part 60,	CFR Part 60, 60KB-0003 Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)	
04TFX027	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	TAC Chapter R5111 Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate me compliance with applicable control requirements or exempt	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**		
04TFX027	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-2	Bypass Line = The closed vent system contains any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	Recordkeeping requirements 61.356(j)(11) was removed		
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	since the tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40		
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	CFR § 61.354(e).		
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.			
			Bypass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration are used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.			
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.			
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare			
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).			
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance			
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.			
04TFX044	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	115, Storage of	115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls			
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia			
		Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate			
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons			
04TFX044	40 CFR Part 60,					
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)			
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia			
04TFX504	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.			
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls			
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia			
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate			
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons			
04TFX504	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-3	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition			
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)			
04TFX506	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.			
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls			
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia			
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate			
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons			

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**					
04TFX508	115, Storage of	R5112-11	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.						
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls						
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia						
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate						
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons						
04TFX508	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-4	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition						
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)						
o8SMPo18	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.						
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls						
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia						
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate						
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons						
o8SMPo18	40 CFR Part 60,						60KBB	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)						
11SMP081	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.						
	VOCs	Tank Descripti True Vapor Pre Product Stored	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls						
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia						
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate						
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons						
11SMP081	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition						
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)						
11SMP081	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	Recordkeeping requirements 61.356(j)(11) was removed					
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	since the tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40					
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	CFR § 61.354(e).					
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.						
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.						
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare						
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).						
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance						
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.						

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX018	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	Recordkeeping requirements 61.356(j)(11) was removed
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	since the tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	CFR § 61.354(e).
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX019	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	5, Storage of compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs			
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX019	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	Recordkeeping requirements 61.356(j)(11) was removed
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	since the tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	CFR § 61.354(e).
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
		Control Device Type/O	Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
11TFX049	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-7	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.		
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)		
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia		
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate		
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons		
			Control Device Type = Flare		
11TFX049	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	Recordkeeping requirements 61.356(j)(11) was removed	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	since the tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	CFR § 61.354(e).	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.		
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.		
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare		
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).		
				Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.		
11TFX050	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.		
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls		
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia		
	Product Stored = VOC other than	Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate			
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons		
11TFX067	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-8	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.		
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)		
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia		
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate		
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons		
			Control Device Type = Flare		
11TFX067	40 CFR Part 60,	60KB-1	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition		
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX067	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-4	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	
11TFX078	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
		True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
11TFX078	40 CFR Part 60,	o CFR Part 60, ubpart Kb Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	Product Stored = Waste mixture of indeterminate or variable composition	
	Subpart Kb			
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	
11TFX078	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-4	Bypass Line = The closed vent system does not contain any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
		Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either system or control device.	Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
		Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
		Corpre	Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX082	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-0002	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	
11TFX082	40 CFR Part 60,	63KB-0001	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia	
			Storage Vessel Description = Closed vent system (CVS) with a flare used as the control device (fixed roof)	
11TFX083	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-0003	Today's Date = Today's date is March 1, 2013 or later.	
	115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 60,	CFR Part 60, 60KB-0002	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-0002	Bypass Line = The closed vent system contains any by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
		Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel system or control device.	Tank Control Requirements = The tank has a fixed roof and closed vent system routing vapors to either a fuel gas system or control device.	
			Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is not complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Bypass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration are used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Fuel Gas System = Gaseous emissions from the tank or enclosure are not routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Control Device Type/Operations = Flare	
			Cover and Closed Vent = The cover and closed vent system are not operated such that the tank is maintained at a pressure less than atmospheric pressure and meets the conditions of 40 CFR \S 61.343(a)(1)(i)(C)(1) - (3).	
			Closed Vent System and Control Device AMOC = Not using an alternate means of compliance	
			Alternative Means of Compliance = Not using an alternate means of compliance to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.343 for tanks.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFX083	40 CFR Part 63,	63G-0002	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 2 vessel.	
	Subpart G		Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams	
			Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Wastewater Tank Properties = Volume of the wastewater tank is less than 75m³ and storing liquid with any vapor pressure	
			NSPS Subpart Kb Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.	
16TFX521	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
16TFX522	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	, Storage of	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
16TFX522	40 CFR Part 60,		Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)	
GRP04TK001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK002	115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK004	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
GRP04TK005	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons	
GRP04TK005	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-1	Product Stored = Stored product other than volatile organic liquid or petroleum liquid	
GRP04TK006	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	, Storage of	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
GRP04TK006	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb-01	Product Stored = Stored product other than volatile organic liquid or petroleum liquid	
GRP08TK001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5111	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
GRP08TK001	40 CFR Part 60,	R60KB	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
04LTR018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Loading and unloading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
04LTR018	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-2	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.	
04LTR018	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF	Emission Standard = None of the above standards apply.	
10LRC074	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
10LRC074	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB	61BB-1	Negative Applicability = The loading rack loads only benzene-laden waste, gasoline, crude oil, natural gas liquids, petroleum distillates or benzene-laden liquid from a coke by-product plant.	
10LRC074	40 CFR Part 63,	63G-1	Transfer Rack Type = Group 2 transfer rack (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111).	
	Subpart G		Subject to Subpart BB = The transfer rack is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11LTR067A	30 TAC Chapter	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Vapor control system with a flare.	
	115, Loading and Unloading of VOC		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Vapor Tight = All liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.	
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
11LTR067A	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB	61BB-1	Negative Applicability = The loading rack loads only benzene-laden waste, gasoline, crude oil, natural gas liquids, petroleum distillates or benzene-laden liquid from a coke by-product plant.	
11LTR067A	40 CFR Part 63,	63G-0001	Transfer Rack Type = Group 2 transfer rack (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111).	
	Subpart G	part G Subject to Subpart BB = The transfe	Subject to Subpart BB = The transfer rack is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB.	
11LTR078A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-1	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.	
11LTR078A	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB	61BB-1	Negative Applicability = The loading rack loads only benzene-laden waste, gasoline, crude oil, natural gas liquids, petroleum distillates or benzene-laden liquid from a coke by-product plant.	
16STK001	40 CFR Part 63,	63DDDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.	
	Subpart DDDDD		ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OF 10% OR LESS	
			FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS	
			HEAT INPUT CAPACITY = RATED HEAT INPUT CAPACITY OF GREATER THAN 10 MMBTU/HR BUT LESS THAN 100 MMBTU/HR	
04FLR032	30 TAC Chapter	R5111-1	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.	
	Lillissions		Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
04FLR032	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-1	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.		
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).		
			Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted		
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)		
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).		
04FLR032	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-1	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.		
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).		
			Flare Assist Type = Non-assisted		
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)		
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).		
04FUG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in an existing Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.		
04CWA035	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-6	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in an existing Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.		
GRP08CT002	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	R63Q	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.		
			Initial Start-up Date = On or after September 8, 1994.		
04PRC	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-8	Process Wastewater = Oil-Water Separator receives, manages or treats process wastewater as defined in 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF		
04SEP001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water	5, Water	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.		
	Separation		Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which separates materials having a TVP less than 1.5 psia (10.3 kPa) obtained from any equipment.		
11PRC066	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water	115, Water	R5131B1	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.	
	Separation		Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.		
			Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131.		
			Control Device = Control device or vapor recovery system other than a chiller, carbon adsorber, or incinerator.		
11PRC066	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-3	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO		
	Subpart FF		By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS NO BY-PASS LINE		
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO		
			Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE		
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE		
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)		
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-0001	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO	
	Subpart FF		By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT THE STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A CAR-SEAL OR LOCK AND KEY CONFIGURATION IS USED TO SECURE THE BY-PASS LINE VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION	
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO	
			Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE	
			Floating Roof = NO FLOATING ROOF	
			Floating Roof Portion Feasibility = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS COVERED COMPLETEY BY A FLOATING ROOF	
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)	
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349	
11TFX082	40 CFR Part 63,	63G-0001	Alternate Monitoring Parameters: = COMPLYING WITH THE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPART G	
	Subpart G		Negative Pressure = FIXED ROOF AND CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM ARE NOT OPERATED AND MAINTAINED UNDER NEGATIVE PRESSURE	
		Process Wastewater = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR RECEIVES, MANAGES, OR TREATS PROCESS WASTEWATER STREAMS AS DEFINED IN TITLE 40 CFR PART 63, SUBPART F Closed Vent System = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS SUBJECT TO AND COMPLYING WITH § 63.148 New Source = FACILITY IS A EXISTING SOURCE AS DEFINED IN MACT G Bypass Lines = Bypass Line Valves are secured in the closed position with a Car-seal or Lock-and-key configuration Control Requirement = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM THAT ROUTES VAPORS TO A CONTROL DEVICE THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CFR § 63.139(C) Combination of Control Devices = VENT STREAM IS NOT TREATED USING A COMBINATION OF CONTROL DEVICES		
			Closed Vent System = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS SUBJECT TO AND COMPLYING WITH § 63.148	
			New Source = FACILITY IS A EXISTING SOURCE AS DEFINED IN MACT G	
			Combination of Control Devices = VENT STREAM IS NOT TREATED USING A COMBINATION OF CONTROL DEVICES	
			Oil-Water Separator Type = FIXED ROOF AND A CLOSED-VENT SYSTEM THAT ROUTES THE ORGANIC HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT VAPORS VENTED FROM THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR TO A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Control Device Type = FLARE	
			Floating Roof Alternate Monitoring Parameters = FLOATING ROOF ALTERNATE MONITORING PARAMETERS ARE NOT APPROVED OR ARE NOT REQUESTED	
			Monitoring Options = CONTROL DEVICE IS USING THE MONITORING PARAMETERS SPECIFIED IN TABLE 13	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04DIS501	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-0001	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04DIS501	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-0006	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	Exceptions to DSS**
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
04DIS501	40 CFR Part 63,		Designated Grp1 = The emission stream is designated as Group 1.	
	Subpart FFFF		Emission Standard = The TRE index is not maintained above the threshold (5.0 for a new source and 1.9 for an existing source) and a flare is being used for control.	
			Designated Hal = The emission stream is not designated as halogenated.	
			Determined Hal = The emission stream is determined to be non-halogenated.	
			Prior Eval = The data from a prior evaluation or assessment is used.	
			Negative Pressure = The closed vent system is operated and maintained at or above atmospheric pressure.	
04DIS506	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-2	Emission Standard = Alternate emission limit as provided in 40 CFR § 63.2505(a)(1).	
04DIS510	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-0002	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
04DIS510	30 TAC Chapter	R5112-0007	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.		
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.		
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.		
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).		
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).		
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.		
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.		
04DIS510	40 CFR Part 63,	40 CFR Part 63,	63FFFF-0002	Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1).	
	Subpart FFFF		Recovery Device = The TRE index is maintained without a recovery device.		
04DIS550	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.		
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	applicable standard and added 115.126(1) and 115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirement at the applicant's request, and added periodic	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).		
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.		
04DIS550	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-3	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in an existing Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.		
04DIS551	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-5	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).		
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).		
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.		
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.		
04DIS551	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-5	Emission Standard = The vent stream is Group 2 (not designated as Group 1 and determined to not be Group 1).		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04DIS552	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-5	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	Removed 60.18 as an applicable standard and added 115.126(1) and 115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirements at the applicant's request, and added periodic monitoring for the flare.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04DPT001PV	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
	Controls		Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	Removed 60.18 as an applicable standard and added 115.126(1) and 115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirements at the applicant's request, and added periodic monitoring for the flare.
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	monitoring for the flare.
04LBA006A	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04LRC006	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions			
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04RSY600	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-3	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04SEP001	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
o4TFXo31	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04TFX506	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04TFX508	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions			
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	Exceptions to DSS**
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04VNT007	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04VNT007 30 TAC Chapt 115, Vent Gas Controls		R5121	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04VNT009	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	Removed 60.18 as an
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
	Controls		Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirements
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	at the applicant's request,
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	monitoring for the flare.
04VNT009	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-7	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
	Controls		Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
04VNT010	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls	55, Vent Gas Chapter 115 Division – The year stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in an TA	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	Removed 60.18 as an applicable standard and added 115.126(1) and 115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirements at the applicant's request, and added periodic
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04VNT010	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-2	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
04VNT013	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04VNT013	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls		Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
o8SMPo18	30 TAC Chapter	t, Visible nissions	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
08TNK010	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Vent Source = The source of the vent source of the vent or optical instrumentation not qualify for the exemption in §	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
08TNK010	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
08TNK011	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
o8TNK011	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
		control de	Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
		Combined 24-Hour VOC	Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
				VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
11PRC063PV	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	Removed 60.18 as an applicable standard and added 115.126(1) and
			Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	115.126(1)(C) as applicable monitoring/testing and recordkeeping requirements
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	at the applicant's request, and added periodic
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	monitoring for the flare.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11TFXTMP	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
13ENGooC	30 TAC Chapter	R1113	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16DSD001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-4	Existing Source = Fugitive unit contains equipment in an existing Miscellaneous Chemical Processing Unit.	
16STK001	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Visible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
16TFX005	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	sible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
16TFX006	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
16TFX521	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
16TFX522	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
Š			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
16VNT002	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	Visible Vent Source = The source of the	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
16VNT004	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
		Visible	Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
				Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
16VNT004	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls		Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.	
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is greater than 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
GRP04DIS001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	15, Vent Gas	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
			Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg).	
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 30,000 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
GRP04LD002	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	, Visible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP04TK002	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
·			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
GRP04TK004	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	er R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
GRP04TK005	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
	111, Visible Emissions	ole	Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
GRP08CT002	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
GRPo8RXoo3	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions		Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).		
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		
GRP08TK001	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	ı, Visible	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.		
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.		
					Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972		
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.		

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
GRP13CAD	30 TAC Chapter	R1111	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is from colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, or other sources that are not capable of producing visible emissions. Periodic monitoring to demonstrate compliance is not required.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP13ENG01	30 TAC Chapter	R1112	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
GRP13ENG03	30 TAC Chapter	R1112	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.	
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of \S 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in \S 111.111(a)(3).	
			Construction Date = On or before January 31, 1972	
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.	
04DGR001	30 TAC Chapter	R5412	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine.	
	115, Degreasing Processes		Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested.	
			Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed.	
			Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.	
			Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120° F.	
			Parts Larger than Drainage = No cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine.	
			Drainage Area = Area is greater than or equal to 16 square inches.	
			Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.	
04DGR001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart T	R5412	Solvent Type = The unit does not use any of the following halogenated HAP solvents: methylene chloride, perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, or chloroform in a total concentration greater than 5% by weight.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
04DIS501	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-0001	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, coproduct, by-product, or intermediate.	
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value less than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.	
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.	
			TOC Reduction = Compliance is achieved by reducing total organic compound emissions (less methane and ethane) by 98 weight-percent or to a concentration of 20 ppmv dry basis corrected to 3 percent oxygen using a VOC emissions non-flare combustion control device.	
			Subpart NNN Control Device = Flare.	
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.	
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).	
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.	
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.	
04DIS510	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN	60NNN-0002	Subpart NNN Chemicals = The distillation unit produces any chemical listed in 40 CFR § 60.667 as a product, coproduct, by-product, or intermediate.	
			Total Resource Effectiveness = TRE index value greater than 8.0 not from a halogenated vent stream.	
			Construction/Modification Date = After December 30, 1983.	
			Vent Type = A single distillation unit discharging vent stream into a vapor recovery system.	
			Distillation Unit Type = Does not qualify for any exemption under § 60.660(c)(1)-(3).	
			Total Design Capacity = 1 gigagram per year or greater.	
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Flow rate greater than or equal to 0.008 scm/min.	
GRP13CAD	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-1	Unit Type = Individual drain system	
	Subpart FF		CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICE AMOC = Complying with the requirements of § 61.349	
			By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Carbon adsorption system that does not regenerate the carbon bed directly in the control device.	
			Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the control device is proven to achieve its emission limitation.	
			Carbon Replacement Interval = Carbon adsorber is monitored and carbon replaced on indication of breakthrough.	
o4MONPWW	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart FFFF	63FFFF-1	Series Of Processes = The wastewater stream is treated using a series of treatment processes.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
11PRC063	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-1	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	Added recordkeeping citations 61.356(f)(2) and
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system does not contain a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	61.356(f)(2)(i).
			Treatment Stream Unit Exempt = There are units in the wastewater treatment system that are exempt according to 40 CFR § 61.348(b)(2).	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Fuel Gas System = Not all gaseous vent streams from the treatment process or wastewater treatment system are routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Engineering calculations show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit is proven to achieve its emission limitation.	

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply
** - Notes changes made to the automated results from the DSS, and a brief explanation why

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued
of an existing facility	after operation commences; significant revisions require
	approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not
	authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the
environment and human health by conducting a	inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as
health effects review and that requirement for	authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in
best available control technology (BACT) is	place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
implemented.	
Up to two Public notices may be required.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public
Opportunity for public comment and contested	comments. No contested case hearings.
case hearings for some authorizations.	
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources
	identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of
emission sources	multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the
which the applicant must construct and operate	general operational requirements of the site; and also
its various equipment and processes on a facility	include codification of all applicable requirements for
basis.	emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	a Public petition period for every FOP.
and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major	
sources.	D '11 1' 11 1'
Permits have a table listing maximum emission	Permit has an applicable requirements table and
limits for pollutants	Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance
	Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable
Downsite can be altered an arranded as a	monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon	Permits can be revised through several revision
application by company. Permits must be issued	processes, which provide for different levels of public
before construction or modification of facilities	notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would
can begin.	be significant revisions require that a revised permit be
NCD parmits are issued independent of ECD	issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list
requirements.	of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106list/index106.html

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits		
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX1416	Issuance Date: 03/11/2016	
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Spe Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA	ecial Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits) for the Application Area.	
Authorization No.: 23271	Issuance Date: 03/11/2016	
Authorization No.: 31376	Issuance Date: 12/13/2010	
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003	
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	
Number: 106.371	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.373	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001	

Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 06/13/2001
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 03/14/1997
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 04DIS550		
Control Device ID No.: 04FLR032	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.121(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: Once per hour		
Averaging Period: N/A		
Deviation Limit: Lack of a pilot flame, except for periods during which o4DIS550 is shut down.		
Basis of monitoring: It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.		

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: 04DPT001PV			
Control Device ID No.: 04FLR032 Control Device Type: Flare			
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6		
Pollutant: VOC Main Standard: § 115.121(b)			
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Pilot Flame			
Minimum Engguenary Once non hour			

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: Lack of a pilot flame, except for periods during which 04DPT001PV is shut down.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 04TFX026		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60KB-0003	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: VOC Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Once per year		

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Failure to record fugitive emissions from the vapor collection system in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 21.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart RR, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 04TFX026		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 60KB-0003	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visual Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Once per year		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair defects.		

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: 04VNT009			
Control Device ID No.: 04FLR032 Control Device Type: Flare			
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6		
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.121(b)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Pilot Flame			

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Lack of a pilot flame, except for periods during which o4VNToo9 is shut down.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 04VNT010		
Control Device ID No.: Flare Control Device Type: 04VNT032		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.121(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: Lack of a pilot flame, except for periods during which 04VNT010 is shut down or not

venting to flare 04FLR032

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 11PRCo63PV		
Control Device ID No.: 04FLR032	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.121(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
NC ' D		

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: Lack of a pilot flame, except for periods during which 11PRC063PV is shut down.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 11TFX082		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 63KB-0001	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: VOC Concentration		
Minimum Frequency: Once per year		

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Failure to record fugitive emissions from the vapor collection system in accordance with 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A, Method 21.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the VOC concentration at the outlet of a control device by use of a portable analyzer with procedures such as EPA Test Method 25A or a VOC CEMS. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard. Outlet VOC concentration has been used as an indicator of VOC emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN, 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB, 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart R, 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 11TFX082	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	SOP Index No.: 63KB-0001
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: [G]§ 60.112b(a)(3)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visual Inspection	
Minimum Frequency: Once per year	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair defects.	

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and a recorded in a log. This option assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 13ENGooC	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1113
Pollutant: OPACITY	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Visible Emissions	
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter	
Averaging Period: n/a	

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Deviation Limit: Opacity exceeding 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 16STK001		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1112	
Pollutant: OPACITY	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Arrana sin a Dania d. m/a		

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Visible emissions shall not exceed 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP13ENG01		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1112	
Pollutant: OPACITY	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Visible emissions shall not exceed 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP13ENG03		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: R1112	
Pollutant: OPACITY	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(A)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		
Minimum Frequency: once per quarter		
Averaging Period: n/a		

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Deviation Limit: Visible emissions shall not exceed 30% averaged over a six-minute period.

Compliance History Review
1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on <u>January 28, 2016.</u>
Site rating: <u>2.30 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: <u>5.26 / Satisfactory</u>
(High < 0.10 ; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and < 55 ; Unsatisfactory > 55)
2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?
Available Unit Attribute Forms
OP-UA1 - Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
OP-UA2 - Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
OP-UA3 - Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
OP-UA4 - Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
OP-UA5 - Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
OP-UA6 - Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
OP-UA7 - Flare Attributes
OP-UA8 - Coal Preparation Plant Attributes
OP-UA9 - Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
OP-UA10 - Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
OP-UA11 - Stationary Turbine Attributes
OP-UA12 - Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
OP-UA13 - Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
OP-UA14 - Water Separator Attributes
OP-UA15 - Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
OP-UA16 - Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
OP-UA17 - Distillation Unit Attributes
OP-UA18 - Surface Coating Operations Attributes
OP-UA19 - Wastewater Unit Attributes
OP-UA20 - Asphalt Operations Attributes OP-UA21 - Grain Elevator Attributes
OP-UA22 - Printing Attributes
OP-UA24 - Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
OP-UA25 - Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
OP-UA26 - Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
OP-UA27 - Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
OP-UA28 - Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
OP-UA29 - Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
OP-UA30 - Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
OP-UA31 - Lead Smelting Attributes
OP-UA32 - Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
OP-UA33 - Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
OP-UA34 - Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
OP-UA35 - Incinerator Attributes
OP-UA36 - Steel Plant Unit Attributes
OP-UA37 - Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
OP-UA38 - Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
OP-UA39 - Sterilization Source Attributes
OP-UA40 - Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
OP-UA41 - Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
OP-UA42 - Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
OP-UA43 - Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
OP-UA44 - Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
OP-UA45 - Surface Impoundment Attributes
OP-UA46 - Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes

- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Dryer/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes